

Incidence Rate by State	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
Alabama	3.6	4.1	4.5	4.7	4.6	5.1	4.6
Alaska	4.6	5.1	5.2	6.1	5.9	5.3	6.9
Arizona	3.7	3.9	4.6	4.6	4.9	4.7	4.8
Arkansas	3.7	4.6	3.9	4.4	5.0	4.7	5.1
California	4.2	4.4	4.7	4.8	5.1	5.4	5.9
Colorado	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Connecticut	4.6	5	5.3	5.2	5.5	5.2	5.5
Delaware	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.8	3.7	3.7	4.3
Florida	4.1	4.6	3.9	4.4	4.5	4.9	5.0
Georgia	3.5	3.7	3.5	4.0	4.3	3.9	4.3
Hawaii	4.2	4.3	4.7	4.7	4.8	5.0	5.4
Idaho	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Illinois	3.6	3.8	4.1	4.3	4.4	4.7	4.7
Indiana	4.3	4.9	5.2	5.5	5.8	6.2	6.2
Iowa	4.7	5.0	6.0	5.9	6.4	6.4	6.6
Kansas	4.2	4.9	5.1	5.1	5.3	5.5	5.5
Kentucky	4.3	4.8	5.3	5.3	6.1	6.0	6.4
Louisiana	3.1	2.9	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.4	3.6
Maine	5.6	5.9	6.4	6.8	7.1	6.6	7.4
Maryland	3.7	3.7	4.1	3.8	4.5	4.5	4.5
Massachusetts	NA	3.7	4.0	3.9	4.2	4.3	NA
Michigan	4.2	4.5	4.9	5.1	5.6	5.6	6.3
Minnesota	3.8	4.2	4.6	5.1	5.1	5.3	5.5
Mississippi	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Missouri	3.8	3.8	4.6	4.7	5.4	5.3	5.0
Montana	5.3	6.4	6.3	6.9	6.6	7.2	7.6
Nebraska	4.2	4.5	NA	5.0	5.0	5.3	5.9
Nevada	4.4	4.6	5.0	5.4	5.7	5.7	5.8
New Hampshire	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
New Jersey	3.8	3.7	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.4	4.8
New Mexico	4.8	4.4	5.0	5.1	5.2	5.6	6.2
New York	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.8	4.0	3.6	3.8
North Carolina	3.4	3.6	3.8	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.2
North Dakota	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Ohio	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Oklahoma	4.0	4.6	4.6	4.8	4.6	5.6	5.0
Oregon	4.5	4.7	5.2	5.2	5.4	5.8	5.6
Pennsylvania	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rhode Island	NA	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.5	5.2	5.4
South Carolina	3.5	3.4	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.3	4.7
South Dakota	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tennessee	3.9	4.2	4.5	4.8	4.8	5.2	5.3
Texas	3.1	3.5	3.4	3.7	3.6	3.7	4.0
Utah	3.9	4.9	5.0	5.1	5.6	5.7	5.5
Vermont	5.1	5.4	6.0	5.7	6.1	5.6	5.3
Virginia	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.7	4.4	4.0	4.3
Washington	5.3	5.7	6.1	6.5	6.4	7.0	6.9
West Virginia	4.5	4.6	5.2	5.1	5.5	6.1	6.1
Wisconsin	4.3	4.9	5.3	5.6	5.8	6.3	6.4
Wyoming	4.1	4.8	4.6	4.8	5.8	5.2	5.8
National	3.6	3.9	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.8	5.0
MT rates	tie 2nd	1st	2nd	1st	2nd	1st	1st

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.							
The incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: $(N/EH) \times 200,000$, where							
N = number of injuries and illnesses							
EH = total hours worked by all employees during the							
calendar year							
200,000 = base for 100 equivalent full-time workers							
(working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)							